



Ursinus College
Digital Commons @ Ursinus College

Providence Independent Newspaper, 1875-1898

The Historical Society of Trappe, Collegeville,
Perkiomen Valley

8-17-1882

Providence Independent, V. 8, Thursday, August 17, 1882, [Whole Number: 375]

Providence Independent

Follow this and additional works at: <https://digitalcommons.ursinus.edu/providence>

 Part of the [American Politics Commons](#), [Cultural History Commons](#), [Social History Commons](#), and the [United States History Commons](#)

Click here to let us know how access to this document benefits you.

Recommended Citation

Independent, Providence, "Providence Independent, V. 8, Thursday, August 17, 1882, [Whole Number: 375]" (1882). *Providence Independent Newspaper, 1875-1898*. 148.
<https://digitalcommons.ursinus.edu/providence/148>

This Newspaper is brought to you for free and open access by the The Historical Society of Trappe, Collegeville, Perkiomen Valley at Digital Commons @ Ursinus College. It has been accepted for inclusion in Providence Independent Newspaper, 1875-1898 by an authorized administrator of Digital Commons @ Ursinus College. For more information, please contact aprock@ursinus.edu.



Persistent in the Right; Fearless in Opposing Wrong.

VOLUME 8.

TRAPPE, PENN'A., AUGUST 17, 1882.

WHOLE NUMBER, 375.

HER LESSON.

Lily, this steak is splendid. Is the cook your own cook?" asked Allan Wheeler helping himself to a second slice.

"No, I don't trust her with broiling a steak yet," returned Mrs. Lily, as she poured him a second cup of fragrant coffee. "I cooked it myself, to have it nice."

"Well I must say it is a success, Lil. I believe you deserve a new bonnet for such a nice breakfast."

"Well that's just what I want," confessed Lil laughing.

"Mine is actually too shabby for another Sunday's wear."

"Is it? Really, I thought that little concern you had on last night was uncommonly pretty and becoming."

"Oh, Al, that was only my hat, and I altered it myself from a last winter's style."

"Ah, it's the 'style' of the thing, is it? Well, I suppose you women understand such trifles; I'm sure I don't. But I reckon I'll have to dance to the music, like a little man," taking out his pocket-book. "How much will it take?"

"One can't get a nice bonnet for less than ten or fifteen dollars."

"What! Why, I never give more than five for the finest kind of a hat!"

"Oh, but Al, you know men's hats are so different, and require no trimming."

"Well, of course I want you to look as nice as any of them. But it strikes me a little body as pretty as my wife doesn't need much dressing up. There I can spare just exactly that to-day."

"Thanks—for the money and the compliment too," said Lily, with a light laugh. "I'll make it do—the money, that is!"

"Guess it will have to. I really can't spare another quarter for a week or two, Lil for anything. We've got to meet some heavy bills at the office, and we're in a tight place just now. Be as saving as you can."

"All right; I will."

Lily kissed her husband good-bye, and rang the hand-bell to summon her girl from the kitchen.

Just as he was going out Allan put his head back inside the door.

"I say, Lil, Mr. Elder gave me tickets for the matinee this afternoon, would you like to go?"

"I should think I would."

"All right then. Two o'clock's the hour. Don't have dinner till about one, and I'll come up just in time. You be ready, and we'll have a late dinner and go down together."

"Very well."

And Allan took himself down to Linley and Wheeler's store, of which he was junior partner.

While Ann did the work downstairs, Lily tidied the upstairs room, and was just ready to dress for her shopping expedition when the door bell rang, and presently Ann came up stairs saying—

"Mrs. Wheeler, there's a young woman to see you in the sitting-room."

Slightly vexed at being hindered, Lily ran down.

Her caller was Miss Wilson, a young girl who sometimes sowed for her.

She had brought home a bundle of work, and Lily noticed as she took it and examined it that the girl looked pale and sad.

"I really ought to pay her, but I can't to-day, if I get my bonnet," she thought.

Aloud she asked:

"How much do I owe you?"

"Seven dollars altogether," answered the young seamstress.

"Well, I'm very sorry I haven't the money by me to spare to-day. If you will call again next week I will have it and pay you."

"If you can spare only part—I need it very much," said the young girl faltering.

"Indeed I haven't a dollar to spare to-day, so it is impossible. I will pay it as soon as I can, I assure you, and give you more work," assured Lil.

"I am sorry," returned Miss Wilson. But as she went out Lily noticed that she was very white, and her lips quivered.

She herself went upstairs very slowly to dress.

"I feel inclined to call her back and give it to her," she said thoughtfully.

"Five dollars anyhow. But then a cheap bonnet does look so shabby, and I can't go to the theatre if I don't get a new one. I haven't a thing fit to

wear. Oh, pshaw! I dare say she can wait as well as I could."

She hurried her dressing, and in a pretty stylish street suit was soon flitting about the milliner's shop, searching for a hat to suit her taste.

A lovely bonnet was found, and Lily bought it, though even as she paid the money she thought with a little sting of her conscience of the pale face of the young sewing girl whom she had not paid.

When Allen came home to dinner, Lily put the new bonnet on, and he pronounced it bewitching.

She had purchased gloves to match while up town, and when she was dressed for the matinee, Allen declared he didn't believe there could be anything prettier in the house than his Lily.

The play was magnificent, and Lily enjoyed it greatly.

When they came once more out of the gas-lit opera-house into the open air, the short winter afternoon was drawing near to its close.

They stepped into an omnibus to ride home.

The omnibus was crowded, and they did not notice who was near until, as it stopped at a corner to let out a party of four, a young girl in the end next the driver, rose, and Lily saw it was a friend of her own, Miss Seldon, and the two greeted each other cordially.

"Carrie has to walk a square alone," she said to her husband; it is only a few steps out of our way—let's get out and walk down with her."

"Of course, I never refuse to walk with a good-looking young lady," averred Allan, laughingly.

They got out, intending to walk home with Miss Seldon, and stepped upon the pavement, just as a group gathered about some object lying upon the street fronting a brilliantly-lighted shop.

"Why, it's a woman!" cried Mrs. Wheeler. "What's the matter, I wonder?"

"They stopped, impelled by curiosity, and looked at the fallen form."

"It's a lady, sir, as is fainting," explained a policeman, raising the slender figure up. "Sick or something, I reckon. Such things happen every day."

"Oh, my gracious, it's Mary Wilson!" cried Lily, as soon as she caught sight of the girl's face.

"The girl who sews for you?" asked Allan.

"Yes. Have her taken in, Al, and call a carriage, and let us take her home," exhorted Lily who had a kind heart when it was really reached.

The young girl laid on a sofa in the drugist shop, soon revived, and opened her eyes with a look of wonder, but seemed to know none of them.

"It's a case of starvation in my opinion," announced the druggist, who had given her some wine to revive her. "She looks like one who has dropped from exhaustion."

"Do you know her?" asked Lily.

"Only as a sewing girl. I often see her pass with a bundle of work. No doubt the poor thing is half starved, and half paid for what she does do."

Lily turned sick, remembering what she had done that morning. But she spoke kindly to the poor girl, and when it was evident she could not walk home again ordered Allen to take Carrie Seldon to her door and bring a carriage, for she knew where to take Miss Willson.

He did so as soon as he could, and Lily held the poor girl in her arms while they rode to the house where she had a room.

They got her upstairs, with the help of the kind-hearted landlady, and laid her upon her bed.

Lily opened the little cupboard to find something to give her; it was absolutely empty of food, and remembering what the druggist had said, Lily burst into tears.

"Oh Al, have you got any money about you?"

"Of course I have some," he answered. "What shall I get? What has she in there?"

"Not a thing, Al. And I owe her seven dollars."

"You, Lily—you owe that girl?" he demanded, in surprise.

"Yes. She called this morning at our house, and I—I didn't pay her," sobbed Lily, in remorse and grief.

Allan drew a step nearer, and said—Lily, did you spend all that money for a bonnet, and yet owe that poor girl nearly half of it?"

"Yes, I did," confessed Lily, "and if she dies, I shall feel as if I had killed her."

Don't scold me, Allan, but let us try to help her now.

I didn't dream she was so needy as this."

Seeing her distress, Allan did for her just then, and they both set to work to do something for the sick girl.

But it was too late.

She had, they afterwards learned, not tasted food all day.

Too proud to beg, even of her landlady, who would have helped her, had she known the girl was without food or money, she had walked all day in search of more work, and dropped exhausted at last. Insufficient living for long time had prepared the way for this break-down, and the next day poor Mary Wilson was delirious with fever.

Like a sister Lily now tended and surrounded her with comforts, but she only lingered a week or so and then died.

The doctor said she was too near broken down to have stood it many days in any case, but Lily always felt that if she had paid that seven dollars poor Mary's life might have been saved.

It was a lesson she never forgot.

She could not bear even to wear the new bonnet again.

She sold it to Ann for less than half its cost, and a much cheaper one adorned her pretty head for the rest of the winter.

Never again did she neglect a small debt owed to a poor person, but made it a point of conscience to see that their claims came first of all.

A High Stool.

By introducing a high stool into the kitchen, a great deal of the work may be done while sitting; for instance, dish-washing, bread and pastry making ironing, etc. This humble piece of furniture, when properly introduced into the economy of the work, will prove to be a source of salvation to many a woman tired to death from being so much on her feet. One can do with ease all the above enumerated tasks, which are usually done in a standing posture, and the facility in working while seated upon a stool is of course, greatly increased by practice. With an ironing board well adjusted at both ends, and high enough so that the knees will pass under it, one may do a large ironing, only rising to change the iron. And if one is too much of an invalid for that she can have a small charcoal stove, which will heat the irons, placed at her hand. With such contrivances ironing becomes "fancy work," for a lady may do it in her parlor with ease. The charcoal or kerosene stove is very nice for "doing up" fine and elaborate pieces that require much time and skill. If your stool has an adjustable top, which may be raised or lowered at will, it will be still more useful. The reason why very many tired women do not sit more at their kitchen work is because the ordinary chair is too low, and it is impossible to bring tables and shelves down to the level of chairs. But the high stool and the adjustable stool make the thing pleasant and practicable. Try the experiment, tired housewives.

The Boy who Recommends Himself.

A gentleman advertised for a boy to assist him in his office, and nearly fifteen applicants presented themselves to him. Out of the whole number he in a short time selected one and dismissed the rest.

"I should like to know," said a friend, "on what ground do you select that boy, who had not a single recommendation?"

"You are mistaken," said the gentleman; he had a great many. He wiped his feet when he came in, and closed the door after him, showing that he was careful. He gave up his seat instantly to that lame old man, showing that he was kind and thoughtful. He took off his cap when he came in, and answered my questions promptly, showing that he was polite and gentlemanly. He picked up the book which I had purposely laid upon the floor and replaced it upon the table, while the rest stepped over it or shoved it aside; and he waited quietly for his turn instead of pushing and crowding, showing that he was honorable and orderly. When I talked to him I noticed that his clothes were carefully brushed, his hair in nice order, and when he wrote his name I noticed that his finger nails

were clean, instead of being tipped with jet, like that handsome little fellow in the blue jacket. Don't you call those things letters of recommendation? I do; and I would give more for what I can tell about a boy by using my eyes ten minutes than all the letters he can bring me."

A Dinner Excuse.

Apologies for poor dinners are generally out of place. But when a lady has a forgetful husband, who, without warning, brings home a dozen guests to sit down to a plain family dinner for three or four, it is not in human nature to keep absolute silence. What to say, and how to say it, forms the problem. Mrs. Tucker the wife of Judge Tucker of Williamsburgh, Va., solved this problem years ago. She was the daughter or niece (I am not certain which) of Sir Peyton Skipwith, and celebrated for her beauty; wit, ease and grace of manner. Her temper and tact were put to the proof one court day, when the judge brought with him the accustomed half-score or more of lawyers, for whom not the slightest preparation had been made, the judge having quite forgotten to remind his wife that it was court day, and she, herself, strange to tell, having over looked the fact.

The dinner was served with elegance and Mrs. T. made herself very charming. Upon rising to leave the guests to their wine, she said: "Gentlemen you have dined to-day with Judge Tucker; promise me now that you will all dine to-morrow with me."

This was all her apology, whereupon the gentlemen swore that such a wife was beyond price. The Judge then explained the situation, and the next day there was a noble banquet.

Moral: Never worry a guest with apologies.

The Quick Pants.

We suppose there never was a sad-dor sight of the kind witnessed than the one that was seen last Friday night. The Light Horse Squadron gave a party, and its old commander, Capt. Robert Hill, now of Chicago, came up to shake hands with the boys and talk over the old days of trials and tribulations. He wanted to appear with the boys in uniform, so the quartermaster agreed to send to his hotel a uniform belonging to one of the men who was unable to be present. It was thought that the uniform of John Gregg, the great six-footer, would about fit Capt. Hill, who is also a six-footer, and the handsomest man in Chicago, or any other city. By some mistake the uniform that was formerly worn by Sweetland, one of the smallest men that ever was in the company, was sent to the hotel. At a little before eight o'clock while the captain's good wife was in an adjoining room, putting the finishing touches to her toilet, the captain proceeded to shed his every-day garments and re-enlist. He thought, when he took the pants up by one suspender button, and held them out at arm's length, that they looked like boys' size but he didn't know but the Squadron might have struck the Oscar Wilde style, so he proceeded to get himself in them. The pants came on like gun covers, and were so tight that it made him sea sick. The bottoms of the legs came to his knees, and the yellow stripes should meander down the outside of the leg, wound around the leg like the stripes around a barber hole. The pants would not come together in front into about two feet.

The captain at once noticed that there was a discrepancy in the pants, and that they had sent him the wrong suit, but he tied them with a shoe string, and put on the little jacket. He got his arms into the holes and spread himself, and something ripped in the back so he got it partially on, but it would not come together into several feet, and the toil of the jacket did not come down to the pants by a great majority. The captain looked at himself in the glass, and it was all he could do to keep from crying with laughter. He had come up from Chicago for fun, and he thought he might as well have a little right there, so he called his wife and said he was ready to go. She came out of the other room and looked at her protector, and we suppose a more ludicrous scene was never witnessed. After she had got through laughing, and making suggestions as to how much better they would look with pantaloons, and how he could wear

a Masonic apron and no one would know the difference, and after the captain had arranged to have his picture taken, he called a porter with a corkscrew and had himself pulled out of the pants and coat, and getting into a dress suit that he brought along for emergencies, they went to the dance and had a splendid time. We suppose that if either the captain or his wife, at church the following Sunday, happened to think of those soldier clothes, they laughed right out in the meeting. —Peck's Sun.

Wine in Virginia.

Virginia is another State in which wine growing has become a promising industry. The industry was commenced in 1869 by two Germans on favorably located hill sides of the Blue Ridge range, and the crops were disposed of in New York. By 1877 these pioneers were producing nearly 3,000 gallons of wine annually. Last year they had thirty-seven acres under cultivation, and turned out 3,500 gallons. This year they expect to make out of their own grape crop, combined with those of neighboring vineyardists who have had the good sense to imitate their example, from 8,000 to 10,000 gallons. At first they sold their wine through agents, but now they have determined to be their own middlemen, and are doing well at it. The two countries of Nelson and Albermarle at the present produce together from 50,000 to 60,000 gallons annually.

Death of Captain Jack.

Many of our people have been pained to hear of the sudden death of Captain Jack of the Ute nation, and none more so than the writer of this.

He was sick but a short time and even he hardly realized that he was going to die. It is said that five minutes before his demise he was strong and well. In fact, he was a man of unusually strong physique and had a digestion like a corn sheller. He never felt pain and rarely employed a physician.

On Saturday last he retired to his tepee, little dreaming that he would be carried out of it in a salt bag.

It seems that he had defied the paleface at the post, and in a moment of irritability had killed one of the soldiers. The officer in charge then produced a howitzer and fired a shell into the warrior's tent. This shell, owing to some fault in its construction, no doubt, burst with great havoc near Captain Sack's bosom and a few inches north of his liver. So great was the shock to his system that the only feature that could be recognized was a copper-colored seed wart which had been acquired three years ago.

It was the most severe case of concussion that the history of surgery has ever known. The officer gathered up what could be secured and reported to headquarters the injuries that had been sustained by the great warrior.

While the post surgeon was changing the remains from a salt bag to a baking powder can, Captain Jack breathed his last. His death however, was not officially announced until a cavalry officer brought in a lobe of liver that had been found in a tree near by. It was then stated authoritatively that Captain Jack was dead. The military department never jumps at conclusions. When a vital organ is found in the limb of a neighboring tree, and the remains under discussion seems to be lacking that particular organ, the military authorities jump at the conclusion that the man is hopelessly injured.

Jack was not educated, but he was great in some respects. He was a self-made man, starting out with no money, no clothes and no friends. He soon, however, acquired distinction as a warrior and liar which was the envy and admiration of the Ute nation.

Now his active brain is still. It has ceased to act. It is congested and scattered over four acres of sage brush.

Still it were better if he were to die, that he should die in such a manner that we would have no doubts about it. We feel more secure when we know that an Indian has passed away in this manner. Some of his friends, too, may have been cursed through all their lives, with the vague fear that Jack had been buried alive. Now it will not be that way. Those who saw his remains will always feel certain that death was instantaneous and painless. His body will lie in state in a cigar box until the time set for his burial, when he will be interred with

proper ceremonies and a corn planter. We believe that the mountain howitzer is destined at no distant day to become an important factor in the civilization of the Indian and the amelioration of mankind. —Boomerang.

Wants to Lecture.

A young man named Horace Pulsifer has written to us a woful letter which he winds up by asking if we don't think he ought to lecture.

It appears from a perusal of Pulsifer's letter that he has some grounds upon which to base his blood-curdling designs. Some time last summer Pulsifer purchased one of those ingenious little contrivances, sold by all respectable druggists, as well as by a great many whose respectability is slightly off color, and not up to sample, by which a certain finely powdered chemical is thrown into the air, instantly killing the numerous aggravating flies which attend church, not from any sense of duty, but merely for the purpose of annoying the congregation.

In connection with this engine of destruction Pulsifer bought also what purported to be a package of insect powder. The succeeding Sabbath in company with a certain proud, cold, stately, radiant, peerless, dove-eyed, queenly daughter of a Chicago pork-packer, he attended church and took his fly annihilator along with him. Pulsifer, it is revealed by the documentary evidence submitted to us, ever awake to the interest of his fellow mortals, slyly proceeded to purge the atmosphere of the persecuting flies very soon after the choir had finished the second hymn, and comfortably settled themselves down by twos, for the purpose of carrying on the regular Sunday morning flirtations.

A slight hacking cough by an old gentleman in the forward pew was the first signal of distress observed. This was soon followed, after more active practice with the fly-killer, by a large and full chorus of coughs, sneezes and slightly suppressed hacks from the poor audience, many of whom must have thought some kind of pulmonary epidemic had been turned loose on them. Even Pulsifer himself gave vent to several conclusive snorts, and seeing a large, fat fly trying to secret itself under the rich lace ruff which encircled the throat of the pork-packer's only child, he got a range on the offending insect, and the greater portion of the charge took immediate effect in the patriotic nostrils of the idol of his heart.

With one wild, agonized yell of terror and dismay, she sprang from his side and fled the precincts of the pew. Coughing, sneezing, general surprise extraordinary commotion immediately became the order of the exercises. Somehow attention was drawn to Pulsifer, and the sexton making a sudden discovery, darted upon the culprit, took away his gun, and getting him started toward the door kept him going right along until Pulsifer found himself standing alone on the sidewalk, minus one hat and the daughter of a Chicago pork packer.

Pulsifer lays the whole blame on the druggist who sold him capsicum instead of insect powder. Our humble opinion is that Pulsifer should lecture. He has done more to create excitement than many others who are plundering the public from the rostrum.

Playing it Fine.

A Nebraska man named Goudy played a practical joke on his wife the other day. Mrs. Goudy hates Indians, and when her husband is away locks the door to keep the begging braves out. So Goudy gave his pass-key to an Indian, told him to ask for a pair of old trousers when he got in, and promised to give him \$1 if he would put them on in the parlor. The red man went in all right, and Goudy and a friend watched at a little distance to see the fund. Pretty soon the door opened again and the red man came out. He had one leg in Goudy's goat-meeting trousers, while the other was quite uncovered, and he seemed pressed for time. He was started at the utmost speed for his wigwam, six long miles away, and as he shot by Goudy he exclaimed:

"Dam squaw! Heap spunk! Ugh? Hot water!"

And the joker found that his better half had suspected the trick and given the savage the best trousers she could find, and then interrupted the toilet with a dipper of hot water.

Human Brains, Skin and Hair.

The average weight of the brain of the adult is three pounds and eight ounces—of a female two pounds and four ounces. The nerves are all connected with it, directly or through the spinal marrow. These nerves, together with their branches and minute ramifications, probably exceed 10,000,000 in number, forming a "body guard" outnumbering by far the mightiest army ever marshaled. The skin is composed of three layers, and varies from one-fourth to one-eighth of an inch in thickness. Its average area in an adult is estimated at 2,000 square inches. It performs various important functions, and is furnished with numerous pores or openings, which give passage to the sweat and other exhalations. It is in this way the great regulator of the heat of the body. The atmospheric pressure of the skin being about fourteen pounds to the square inch, a person of medium size is subject to a pressure of 40,000 pounds. Pretty tight hug. Human hair analyzed by the aid of chemistry is found to contain albumen, lime, sulphur and magnesium. The disagreeable odor arising when the hair is burnt is caused by the presence of sulphur. The color is imparted to it by an oil, which fills the hollow tubes of the hair, the different coloring matters containing an excess of the above ingredients. Red hair contains a larger proportion of sulphur than light or dark hair; the white hair of the aged contains an excess of the phosphate of lime. The hair has at all times, and by all trades, been considered one of the most prominent characteristics of beauty. Poets have sung its praise, artists have painted its beauty, sculptors have delineated it in marble. As a mere piece of mechanism the world nowhere furnishes such a beautiful complex piece of machinery in so small a space. —Troy Times.

Flashes of Dakota Eloquence.

No softer moonlight bathes in floods of silver sheen the orange groves of Andalusia, or lures the gushing gossamer to amatory squash-swapping with his adored and adorable only ownest one. No balmy breezes sigh over Araby the blest, or the gardens of Gul in her bloom, than the sweetness-sufficed zephyrs that linger in loving dalliances amid our rosebuds and pig-styes, japonica-thickets, honeysuckle-arbors or sewage-soaked garbage piles. No bigger mosquitoes were ever boiled and served in fashionable restaurants down East as snipe on toast than those that industriously play their profession among all our romantic streams and lakesides.

No sharper, nobler, wide-awake, straighter-tobacco-spitting, more enterprising, whole-souled, generous, true-hearted and public-spirited men than ours ever left their stoga boot-prints on the golden shore of time. And no brighter, dearer, lovelier creatures ever flitted through Oriental poet's rapt dream of paradise than our blessed dimity divinities, our homemade calico seraphs, our patent inflatable-erudined darlings, our Dakota sweethearts, wives, mothers-in-law, grandmothers and Mariannes, who are creation's special pets and prizes, fitted to bear queenship in any realm.

Of this resplendent national fabric, fellow-citizens, our own Dakota is to be no ordinary part. God and nature have made her, in many respects, the garden spot of all its imperial domain. Cast your eyes and your imagination over her 153,000 square miles of area, from the Red River Eden of the north to the crystal ripples of the Belle Fourche, from the borders of the romantic Yellowstone to the pasture land of Yankton and Vermillion. On all the beautiful, pendant globe no fairer, richer, realm unfolds itself to tempt the angel down. No broader, grander, golden grain fields ever gladdened the heart and pocket of sun-browned husbandmen with hundred-fold harvests. No greener pastures ever tasted the frolicsome mile colt or fattened the festive gentleman calf. No mightier treasure-houses of royal ore rear their proud heads heavenward in any land or zone. No bluer skies bend their sapphire arch above the far-famed, beggar-hemmed and sea-girl Bay of Naples or the Lake of Como, on whose enchanted shores lay the bogus rancho of Claude Melnotte, whom John McCullough nightly murders on the mimic stage.

Providence Independent.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

TRAPPE, MONTG., CO., PENN'A.

E. S. MOSER, Editor and Proprietor.

Thursday, August 17, 1882.

SPEAKER KEIFER has the unenviable distinction of closing Congress without receiving the customary vote of thanks moved by the opposition, for the manner in which he performed his duties.

HON. WM. GODSHALK, the present member of Congress from this Seventh Congressional District, has announced himself as a candidate for re-nomination. He will not be nominated.

L. H. DAVIS, local editor of the Pottstown Leger is prominently spoken of as a candidate for the Legislature. He represents the liberal Democratic faith. We desire to remark that he would make a very good representative, and that the Democratic party will manifest wisdom if it selects him as one of its standard bearers.

THE Board of Managers of the Perkiomen and Reading turnpike should have put the road in a much better condition than it is at present before increasing the rate of toll. The present heavy charges and the miserable condition of the pike annoy the traveling public to no little extent. The company ought to put the road in better condition or else go back to the old rates.

INDEPENDENT candidate for Governor Stewart has challenged General Beaver to a joint discussion of the political points at issue during the coming campaign. This shows that Stewart means business. There is something in Stewart and it will no doubt show itself to advantage in the future. Beaver should put himself in training. He might substitute Cameron but Cameron talks only from manuscript prepared to order, and Stewart is death to regulation methods.

THE Labor strikes this season have proven to be practical failures. Four millions of earnings have been sacrificed. It is unquestionably a fact that a large majority of the laborers engaged in the protracted strikes were unwilling participants. The few governed the many and the majority suffered because of the inopportune action of the minority. Labor Associations may be a benefit to the workingman but so far as our recollections extend they have proven to be a curse rather than a benefit to the working masses. Labor must be protected in some other way than by entailing suffering and woe.

THE demand for the new three per cent. bonds is sufficient to show that government securities in the future are not likely to be put upon the market at any higher rate of interest. Applications are already falling off, for the reason that the three per cent. bond, in the present condition of business, is not desirable as a security unless it is certain to run a long term of years. These bonds will be redeemed in the inverse order of their issue, and for that reason only the first of the series are sought for. The limited demand for these bonds is one of the best indications which could be given of the sound condition of the general business of the country.

"SOME of the county papers continue to give currency to a statement that H. K. Weand, Esq., was one of the Norristown lawyers who favored the appointment of Hon. B. M. Boyer to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Judge Ross. It might be impolite to pronounce the statement a lie, but that is the proper name for it."—Norristown Herald.

Will the Herald please prove said statement a lie? Somebody lies, no doubt, and who is the liar? If Mr. Weand did not favor the appointment of Mr. Boyer, and did not refuse to join in securing the appointment of a Republican Judge, we trust he will prove his position. We believe that Mr. Weand was in favor of the appointment of Mr. Boyer—he had a right to cast his favors that way—and we believe the Herald lies. Let there be proof brought forward. We are ready for it, and we challenge the Herald to prove what it says or acknowledge its cowardice.

ONE of the most painful features of all strikes, as of the present iron strike is the dogged stubbornness with which the salaried leaders and officers hold on and prevent the workers often from making compromises with their employers and that when all hope of carrying the point that the laborers desire has gone. A laboring man is bound to get all he can for his day's work, but he is very foolish to be led by the nose into ways that year by year are losing him perhaps thirty per cent. of the wages he could earn and control if free of demagogues.—Times.

THE Springfield Republican remarks: For once Don Cameron has met a man who can out-hog him in spoils work. His name is John D. White, of Kentucky, and he got 21 of the 24 pension clerks appointed from his State the other day, against 15 to Cameron. Mr. White is adorned with a 306 medal.

THE Congressional contest in this District is bordering on the Torrid Zone of politics and it would be a stroke of policy and timely wisdom to have plenty of ice within easy reach at Lansdale on the 28th of the present month. It is a difficult matter at this writing to predict the result. Verdant politicians to who have not yet learned the alphabet of practical politics may jump at conclusions and make positive declarations as who will be nominated, but those who have made politics a study and who can reason over the situation as it appears to-day, in the light of existing facts without the blindness of personal feeling are at sea. This paper takes pride in its correct prophecies of past political events. In the present case we don't pretend to know who will be successful. We do know that Senator Royer is gaining strength rapidly and that his chances for nomination are equal to the foremost candidates. We know that several of the aspirants have industriously excited themselves in reporting him out of the race. They will be wiser and perhaps a little weaker in the knees on the 28th. The struggle promises to be a protracted one. So far as the relative fitness of the candidates is concerned Royer is the peer of any of them, is popular with the people because he mingles with the people. He has hosts of warm friends, and those who underestimate his strength are either ignorant or else they seek to advance their own ends by not stating the truth. Lookout for a dark horse in the coming race.

A Mistake for Beaver to Decline.
From the New York Herald, Ind.

If General Beaver, who is Mr. Cameron's candidate for Governor in Pennsylvania, shall have the courage to accept the challenge of Mr. Stewart, the Independent Republican nominee, to stump the State with him and discuss face to face with the people the issues of the canvass, an unusually interesting and spirited debate may be expected in that State. It would be a great mistake on General Beaver's part to decline. Boss rule is on trial in Pennsylvania. The representative of those who are opposed to it has called it to the bar of public opinion. If it refuses to put in an appearance the voters will accept the fact as a confession of judgment and in all probability leave General Beaver at home.

From Atlantic City.
Special Correspondence.

Atlantic City has become one of the most popular of seaside resorts, and thousands are thronging there daily, some on excursions, and others with large trunks as if they expected to spend some time there.

This year Atlantic City is greatly improved, by having good, pure water conveyed from Absecon, and also by having the beach and other parts of the town lighted with electric lights.

The bathing during the past week has been exceedingly good, and the bath-houses have been filled with bathers to overflowing.

Among the finest bath-houses are the champion situated along the beach a few yards below North Carolina Avenue. At these bath houses you have all the conveniences necessary for a bath house. South Atlantic City situated about 5 miles south of Atlantic City is a new settlement, and as yet not built up to any great extent. The principal feature of this place is the mammoth elephant which was erected at a cost of about \$25,000. It stands on a platform 100 feet square, and is 65 feet high. It contains in all eleven rooms, the cars are 17 feet long and 10 wide, the eyes are of glass 18 inches in diameter, in its construction were used 85,600 ribs or asches, and nearly 50,000 feet of lumber, it also contained 12,000 square feet of tin in covering, it contains 22 windows covered with wire gauze painted the same color as the rest of the structure, thus rendering them scarcely visible from the outside. The entrance and exit to and from this structure of which there is none other in the world, is through the hind legs, each of which contain a winding staircase, one being used for the entrance the other exit.

All persons going to Atlantic City should not fail to go and see this wonderful piece of work. A. B. C.

The prohibitionists of Iowa have their amendment to the Constitution, but much difficulty remains for them to overcome. A Legislature has next to be elected to carry the amendment into effect by providing pains and penalties for its violation. Wine and beer will continue to be sold in the State until a law is passed making the sale a criminal offence. The first effect of such an act will be to stop the manufacture of beer in Iowa; but to provide against its consequences a leading brewer in Milwaukee has made arrangements to put canvassers in every town in the State to take orders for beer delivered on the cars in that city.

At the camp meeting at Lancaster, Ohio, there was preaching at eight different points, and the conversions were numerous; but it seems that all the sinners within hearing were not affected, as during the services a minister lost \$535 at the hands of pickpockets, and there was a general raid on robes and harness.

A Great Asylum on Fire

EXCITING SCENES IN LANCASTER.

THE COUNTY INSANE ASYLUM DESTROYED BY A BRAND FROM AN INCENDIARY FIRE—REMOVING THE INMATES—MANIACS WHO FOUGHT AND RAVED.

LANCASTER, August 13.—The alarm of fire within the brief period of an hour were not much of a novelty to the people of this sore-stricken town, where of late the incendiary spirit has been rife and where the destruction of property has been so extensive and disastrous that the insurance companies have come to hesitate before they will accept risks upon the most valuable and substantial structures in the business centre of the city. But the scoundrel who applied the torch to the barn of Samuel Wetzel, on East King street, opposite the County Jail, this afternoon, probably had little idea of the mischievous effects about to result from his act. The fire was discovered about 1.40 p. m., and in response to the alarm the engines were promptly on the scene, but were unable to stay the flames, which raged fiercely for nearly an hour and completed destruction of the building, a large frame structure, fifty or sixty feet square, valued at \$3,000. It was stored with six acres of wheat in the sheaf, three or four tons of hay, a large quantity of rye straw, together with farming implements, wagons, machinery, etc., all of which were consumed. A horse was safely removed from the building. There is no doubt of the incendiary origin of the fire, as the barn is surrounded by corn-fields that would afford ample cover for escape, and it is said that in expectation of an incendiary visit the building has been watched night after night.

About two years ago an attempt to fire the barn was made, but the incendiaries were frightened off. The loss is probably \$5,000, on which there is a light insurance.

While the fireman were at work on the Wetzel building flames were seen issuing from the roof of the rear part of the County Insane Asylum, which stands some distance back from the Philadelphia turnpike, and is situated about a quarter of a mile from the scene of the former conflagration. The asylum is a large three-story brick building, with a frontage on the turnpike of about 150 feet and with a wing running southwardly the same length. The building stands between the County Almshouse and the hospital for the sick. The former is one of the handsomest and most costly structures of the kind in the State and fears were entertained lest it, too might share in the destruction, but this disaster was happily averted. The point at which the fire originated was in the extreme rear of the wing or "L," which section is known as "South America," and where the most violent of the lunatics are confined. It is supposed that the flames were caused by a brand from the Wetzel fire landing on the shingle roof. They spread rapidly to the entire upper portion of the building, which was soon ablaze. The fireman quickly answered the summons to the new scene of disaster, and worked manfully against the swift ravages of the fire, which crept along the eaves of the building. They were unable to make much headway, however, owing to the difficulty in obtaining an adequate supply of water, and soon the entire roof was wrapped in flames, and it was seen that the building, or at least the upper stories of it, would have to go.

Measures were taken without further delay for the removal of the inmates. Those who were harmless or only partially insane were placed in the care of friends, who escorted them to places of safety. The officers and employees of the institution, assisted by willing volunteers selected from the crowd that had assembled, removed the idiots and imbeciles and the maniacs. The scene was a most thrilling one. The idiots laughed and danced and jabbered gleefully and appeared to enjoy their freedom immensely. The handcuffed maniacs, on the other hand, became more violent than ever, cursed and swore and raved and fought, and to the utmost resisted removal. Many of the inmates were entirely helpless and had to be carried out. Others, both male and female, were entirely naked and presented a most pitiable spectacle as they were hurried through the gaping crowd. Quite a number were in strait-jackets and gazed in blank amazement at the burning building in which they had passed so many weary hours. It is believed that all of the inmates were safely removed, though quite a number of them afterwards escaped and a few are yet at large.

The unfortunates were for a time herded in the tramp-yard connected with the Almshouse, where a scene of indescribable confusion ensued. The yard is enclosed by a high stone wall, and in it is a large frame building. In this the more desperate of the maniacs were placed, but, owing to a scarcity of guards, it was a difficult matter to keep them there. As soon as the flames at the Asylum were well under control, arrangements were made for the safe keeping of the insane in the County Almshouse and the Hospital, neither of which buildings was injured by the flames, though the Hospital is connected with the Asylum by a covered corridor and the Almshouse stands but a few rods distant. Some of them will be taken to the County Jail for the present. It is probable that arrangements will be made to send the more violent of the patients to the State Asylums at Harrisburg and Norristown, until such time as the burned asylum can be repaired or a new one built.

The building was erected fourteen years ago, at a cost of \$55,000, making the total loss on building and contents lost \$50,000; insurance about \$55,000. There were 114 insane inmates in the building.

An Old Man in Love.

GOV. ISAAC MORTON OF OHIO, EIGHTY YEARS OLD, THE DEFENDANT IN A BREACH OF PROMISE SUIT.

From the Cleveland Plaindealer. CINCINNATI, Aug. 7.—A most sensational breach of promise suit has just been instituted in the courts here. It is remarkable on account of the extreme age of the defendant, as well as for the prominence of both parties. The plaintiff is Mrs. Hassaurek, one time the wife of Fred Hassaurek, the well-known editor of the Cincinnati Volksblatt. The lady separated from her husband some years ago. The defendant is the Hon. Isaac Morton of Cambridge, a well-known Republican politician, and better known as Gov. Morton. He is 80 years old and a widower. In appearance he is anything but prepossessing. He probably was a good-looking man sixty years ago, but old age has sadly changed him, if such was the case. He is tall, has all the gross obesity which comes with age and will weigh probably 225 pounds. With bleared eyes, a flabby double chin, and cheeks with deep wrinkles and hollows, under the eyes, and a heavy body which he can hardly move with the strength of declining years, Gov. Morton is hardly the person any woman, young or old, would become desperately enamored of.

He became acquainted with Mrs. Hassaurek, it seems, some two years ago, and seems to have fallen desperately in love with her. His letters, which will be produced in court, contain protestations the strongest, and expressed in language that would have done credit to a dizzy youth just experiencing his first sensations of happy love. He seems to be interested at all times in the "business" of Mrs. Hassaurek. The "business" that the Governor expressed himself so deeply interested in, in this and other matters, was the obtaining of a divorce by Mrs. Hassaurek from her husband, Mr. Fred Hassaurek. His letters will show the gallant and amorous pursuit this old lover, bordering on the verge of the grave, made of Mrs. Hassaurek.

He silyly, with all the skill and wit of a divorce lawyer, prevailed on Mrs. Hassaurek to seek in the court separation from her husband, holding out to her a promise of marriage. His sanity was displayed in everything he did, and is seen in all of his letters. Young girls, discovering his weaknesses, prodded him on and flattered the old fellow until he thought himself a prize for any woman.

Now that he repudiates all, and withdraws all promises, Mrs. Hassaurek, who perhaps not out of a feeling of love, but from a misrepresentation of the standing, wealth, and ability of Gov. Morton, was led to make promises to him that she intended to keep, can find no recourse but in the courts.

The hoary hero of this romance seems to have been a most persistent lover. He addressed the lady as "My darling sweetheart cricket," and his letters are filled with the most love-like slush imaginable. It is difficult in reading them to conceive that they were written by an old man tottering on the brink of the grave. It seems that, in addition to his protestations of undying love, he represented himself as the possessor of great wealth and influence. What so suddenly cooled his ardor and led to the instituting of the suit does not clearly appear.

Water mixed with ice gives the best temper to steel. One may insert some small tools to advantage in a lump of ice, as jewelers and watchmakers do when they temper them in sealing wax. Often oil is used, and is preferable to water, because it is not so easily evaporated. Damascened blades are tempered in a strong current of cold air, passing through a narrow chink, a temper more uniform than with water being thus obtained. But of all the means for this purpose, it is believed the most efficacious is a metallic liquid, and mercury being the only one known, and a good conductor of heat, as well as the best liquid conductors, it has come to be regarded as an unequalled bath for the temper of very sharp steel tools.

Faithful to the Last.

From the Chicago Tribune.

"Be brave, Beryl." The north wind was howling fiercely through the cordage of a stanch vessel as she dashed madly through the seething waters that stretched away from her on every side in desolate fury. Now poised on the crest of a great green billow, and anon plunged into a watery depth that seemed to end only in the bosom of the earth, the good ship struggled bravely with the mighty forces of the tempest; but though her timbers might groan in all human agony, there was no parting of the seams, no weakening of the bolts that held deck and bulwark together in so firm a clasp.

It was Beryl McCloskey's wedding trip. Two days ago she had been joined in wedlock's holy bonds to George W. Simpson, and her mother had consented to go with them on their bridal journey. It was her loving arm that supported Beryl now, her kindly voice that spoke the words with which this chapter opens.

"George cannot love me, mamma," the girl said, speaking in low, mellow tones, "or he would be at my side now, when I need him so sorely."

"Do not judge hastily, my child," replied the mother. "George is pretty busy. Even now I see him leaning over the vessel's side."

"Is he then so very, very sick?" asked Beryl.

"Quite very," said Mrs. McCloskey. "Has he thrown up his situation?"

"No, my darling."

"Then," said the girl, a holy love-light illumining her pure young face, "I will never leave him."

PATENTS.

F. A. Lehman, Solicitor of American and Foreign Patents. Washington, D. C. All business connected with Patents, whether before the Patent Office or the Courts, promptly attended to. No charge made unless a patent is secured. Send for circular.

OLD STONE STORE
REMOVED
AND REBUILT
ENLARGED
Capable of holding stock in quantity and quality.
SPECIAL SPECIALTY AS FOLLOWS:
Dry Goods, 25 to 50, 50 to 75, 75 to 100, 100 to 125, 125 to 150, 150 to 200, 200 to 250, 250 to 300, 300 to 350, 350 to 400, 400 to 450, 450 to 500, 500 to 550, 550 to 600, 600 to 650, 650 to 700, 700 to 750, 750 to 800, 800 to 850, 850 to 900, 900 to 950, 950 to 1000, 1000 to 1100, 1100 to 1200, 1200 to 1300, 1300 to 1400, 1400 to 1500, 1500 to 1600, 1600 to 1700, 1700 to 1800, 1800 to 1900, 1900 to 2000, 2000 to 2100, 2100 to 2200, 2200 to 2300, 2300 to 2400, 2400 to 2500, 2500 to 2600, 2600 to 2700, 2700 to 2800, 2800 to 2900, 2900 to 3000, 3000 to 3100, 3100 to 3200, 3200 to 3300, 3300 to 3400, 3400 to 3500, 3500 to 3600, 3600 to 3700, 3700 to 3800, 3800 to 3900, 3900 to 4000, 4000 to 4100, 4100 to 4200, 4200 to 4300, 4300 to 4400, 4400 to 4500, 4500 to 4600, 4600 to 4700, 4700 to 4800, 4800 to 4900, 4900 to 5000, 5000 to 5100, 5100 to 5200, 5200 to 5300, 5300 to 5400, 5400 to 5500, 5500 to 5600, 5600 to 5700, 5700 to 5800, 5800 to 5900, 5900 to 6000, 6000 to 6100, 6100 to 6200, 6200 to 6300, 6300 to 6400, 6400 to 6500, 6500 to 6600, 6600 to 6700, 6700 to 6800, 6800 to 6900, 6900 to 7000, 7000 to 7100, 7100 to 7200, 7200 to 7300, 7300 to 7400, 7400 to 7500, 7500 to 7600, 7600 to 7700, 7700 to 7800, 7800 to 7900, 7900 to 8000, 8000 to 8100, 8100 to 8200, 8200 to 8300, 8300 to 8400, 8400 to 8500, 8500 to 8600, 8600 to 8700, 8700 to 8800, 8800 to 8900, 8900 to 9000, 9000 to 9100, 9100 to 9200, 9200 to 9300, 9300 to 9400, 9400 to 9500, 9500 to 9600, 9600 to 9700, 9700 to 9800, 9800 to 9900, 9900 to 10000, 10000 to 10100, 10100 to 10200, 10200 to 10300, 10300 to 10400, 10400 to 10500, 10500 to 10600, 10600 to 10700, 10700 to 10800, 10800 to 10900, 10900 to 11000, 11000 to 11100, 11100 to 11200, 11200 to 11300, 11300 to 11400, 11400 to 11500, 11500 to 11600, 11600 to 11700, 11700 to 11800, 11800 to 11900, 11900 to 12000, 12000 to 12100, 12100 to 12200, 12200 to 12300, 12300 to 12400, 12400 to 12500, 12500 to 12600, 12600 to 12700, 12700 to 12800, 12800 to 12900, 12900 to 13000, 13000 to 13100, 13100 to 13200, 13200 to 13300, 13300 to 13400, 13400 to 13500, 13500 to 13600, 13600 to 13700, 13700 to 13800, 13800 to 13900, 13900 to 14000, 14000 to 14100, 14100 to 14200, 14200 to 14300, 14300 to 14400, 14400 to 14500, 14500 to 14600, 14600 to 14700, 14700 to 14800, 14800 to 14900, 14900 to 15000, 15000 to 15100, 15100 to 15200, 15200 to 15300, 15300 to 15400, 15400 to 15500, 15500 to 15600, 15600 to 15700, 15700 to 15800, 15800 to 15900, 15900 to 16000, 16000 to 16100, 16100 to 16200, 16200 to 16300, 16300 to 16400, 16400 to 16500, 16500 to 16600, 16600 to 16700, 16700 to 16800, 16800 to 16900, 16900 to 17000, 17000 to 17100, 17100 to 17200, 17200 to 17300, 17300 to 17400, 17400 to 17500, 17500 to 17600, 17600 to 17700, 17700 to 17800, 17800 to 17900, 17900 to 18000, 18000 to 18100, 18100 to 18200, 18200 to 18300, 18300 to 18400, 18400 to 18500, 18500 to 18600, 18600 to 18700, 18700 to 18800, 18800 to 18900, 18900 to 19000, 19000 to 19100, 19100 to 19200, 19200 to 19300, 19300 to 19400, 19400 to 19500, 19500 to 19600, 19600 to 19700, 19700 to 19800, 19800 to 19900, 19900 to 20000, 20000 to 20100, 20100 to 20200, 20200 to 20300, 20300 to 20400, 20400 to 20500, 20500 to 20600, 20600 to 20700, 20700 to 20800, 20800 to 20900, 20900 to 21000, 21000 to 21100, 21100 to 21200, 21200 to 21300, 21300 to 21400, 21400 to 21500, 21500 to 21600, 21600 to 21700, 21700 to 21800, 21800 to 21900, 21900 to 22000, 22000 to 22100, 22100 to 22200, 22200 to 22300, 22300 to 22400, 22400 to 22500, 22500 to 22600, 22600 to 22700, 22700 to 22800, 22800 to 22900, 22900 to 23000, 23000 to 23100, 23100 to 23200, 23200 to 23300, 23300 to 23400, 23400 to 23500, 23500 to 23600, 23600 to 23700, 23700 to 23800, 23800 to 23900, 23900 to 24000, 24000 to 24100, 24100 to 24200, 24200 to 24300, 24300 to 24400, 24400 to 24500, 24500 to 24600, 24600 to 24700, 24700 to 24800, 24800 to 24900, 24900 to 25000, 25000 to 25100, 25100 to 25200, 25200 to 25300, 25300 to 25400, 25400 to 25500, 25500 to 25600, 25600 to 25700, 25700 to 25800, 25800 to 25900, 25900 to 26000, 26000 to 26100, 26100 to 26200, 26200 to 26300, 26300 to 26400, 26400 to 26500, 26500 to 26600, 26600 to 26700, 26700 to 26800, 26800 to 26900, 26900 to 27000, 27000 to 27100, 27100 to 27200, 27200 to 27300, 27300 to 27400, 27400 to 27500, 27500 to 27600, 27600 to 27700, 27700 to 27800, 27800 to 27900, 27900 to 28000, 28000 to 28100, 28100 to 28200, 28200 to 28300, 28300 to 28400, 28400 to 28500, 28500 to 28600, 28600 to 28700, 28700 to 28800, 28800 to 28900, 28900 to 29000, 29000 to 29100, 29100 to 29200, 29200 to 29300, 29300 to 29400, 29400 to 29500, 29500 to 29600, 29600 to 29700, 29700 to 29800, 29800 to 29900, 29900 to 30000, 30000 to 30100, 30100 to 30200, 30200 to 30300, 30300 to 30400, 30400 to 30500, 30500 to 30600, 30600 to 30700, 30700 to 30800, 30800 to 30900, 30900 to 31000, 31000 to 31100, 31100 to 31200, 31200 to 31300, 31300 to 31400, 31400 to 31500, 31500 to 31600, 31600 to 31700, 31700 to 31800, 31800 to 31900, 31900 to 32000, 32000 to 32100, 32100 to 32200, 32200 to 32300, 32300 to 32400, 32400 to 32500, 32500 to 32600, 32600 to 32700, 32700 to 32800, 32800 to 32900, 32900 to 33000, 33000 to 33100, 33100 to 33200, 33200 to 33300, 33300 to 33400, 33400 to 33500, 33500 to 33600, 33600 to 33700, 33700 to 33800, 33800 to 33900, 33900 to 34000, 34000 to 34100, 34100 to 34200, 34200 to 34300, 34300 to 34400, 34400 to 34500, 34500 to 34600, 34600 to 34700, 34700 to 34800, 34800 to 34900, 34900 to 35000, 35000 to 35100, 35100 to 35200, 35200 to 35300, 35300 to 35400, 35400 to 35500, 35500 to 35600, 35600 to 35700, 35700 to 35800, 35800 to 35900, 35900 to 36000, 36000 to 36100, 36100 to 36200, 36200 to 36300, 36300 to 36400, 36400 to 36500, 36500 to 36600, 36600 to 36700, 36700 to 36800, 36800 to 36900, 36900 to 37000, 37000 to 37100, 37100 to 37200, 37200 to 37300, 37300 to 37400, 37400 to 37500, 37500 to 37600, 37600 to 37700, 37700 to 37800, 37800 to 37900, 37900 to 38000, 38000 to 38100, 38100 to 38200, 38200 to 38300, 38300 to 38400, 38400 to 38500, 38500 to 38600, 38600 to 38700, 38700 to 38800, 38800 to 38900, 38900 to 39000, 39000 to 39100, 39100 to 39200, 39200 to 39300, 39300 to 39400, 39400 to 39500, 39500 to 39600, 39600 to 39700, 39700 to 39800, 39800 to 39900, 39900 to 40000, 40000 to 40100, 40100 to 40200, 40200 to 40300, 40300 to 40400, 40400 to 40500, 40500 to 40600, 40600 to 40700, 40700 to 40800, 40800 to 40900, 40900 to 41000, 41000 to 41100, 41100 to 41200, 41200 to 41300, 41300 to 41400, 41400 to 41500, 41500 to 41600, 41600 to 41700, 41700 to 41800, 41800 to 41900, 41900 to 42000, 42000 to 42100, 42100 to 42200, 42200 to 42300, 42300 to 42400, 42400 to 42500, 42500 to 42600, 42600 to 42700, 42700 to 42800, 42800 to 42900, 42900 to 43000, 43000 to 43100, 43100

Providence Independent.

Thursday, August 17, 1882.

TERMS:—\$1.25 PER YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

This paper has a larger circulation in this section of the county than any other paper published. As an advertising medium the "Independent" ranks among the most desirable papers, having a large and steadily increasing circulation in various localities throughout the county.

It is the aim of the editor and publisher to make the "Independent" one of the best local and general newspapers in the county, or anywhere else, and to this end we invite correspondence from every section.

PERKIOMEN RAILROAD.

We publish the following schedule gratuitously for the convenience of our readers.

Passenger trains leave Collegeville Station as follows:

FOR PHILADELPHIA AND POINTS SOUTH.

Milk.....6.34 a. m.

Accommodation.....8.35 a. m.

Market.....1.25 p. m.

Accommodation.....4.45 p. m.

FOR ALLENTOWN AND POINTS NORTH AND WEST.

Milk.....7.44 a. m.

Accommodation.....9.14 a. m.

Market.....3.13 p. m.

Accommodation.....6.38 p. m.

SUNDAYS—SOUTH.

Milk.....6.34 a. m.

Accommodation.....5.12 p. m.

SOUTH.

Accommodation.....9.55 a. m.

Milk.....6.06 p. m.

H. C. Walt, Limerick Square, still manufactures his famous ice-cream. Parties, picnics, and Weddings, supplied at reasonable rates.

The Montgomery County Constitutional Prohibition Amendment Association has arranged for a series of meetings in the lower end of the county.

Allebach's sale of fresh cows at Perkiomen Bridge on Monday was well attended. 20 head were sold at an average of \$45 per head. His next sale will be held on next Monday afternoon.

A. J. Gaumer, of Bellevue, has sent us another interesting letter about the mining interests of Wood River. It will appear on the first page of this paper next week.

A monster colored camp meeting will be held at Hosensack Station, on the line of the Perkiomen Railroad, soon. The church that is organizing the camp is a Philadelphia congregation 1700 strong.

It is neither safe, respectable, nor wise to bring a young man up to manhood without any regular calling. Industry or idleness is a matter of habit. No idle boy will make an active, industrious and useful man.

Stamped wrappers or envelopes may be redeemed at their face value at the postoffice. Damaged postal cards can also be redeemed at the rate of four cents' worth of stamps for every five cents' worth of cards.

On Wednesday J. K. Pennybacker, of Zeigerville, sold his valuable bay mare to E. H. Blank, of Allentown, for \$1000. Mr. Blank purchased her with the intention of using her for a family animal.

Four and half barrels of flour, made into 800 loaves of bread are consumed daily at the Norristown Hospital for the insane. On the Saturdays the inmates of the Institution are supplied with ginger cakes, to make which 13 gallons of molasses are required.

Mrs. Margaret Eschbach died of apoplexy at the almshouse on Monday morning, aged 71 years. She was the stepmother of the late James Eschbach of Pottstown, at one time one of the most prominent democratic politicians in the county.

Auctioneer Fetterolf is on the top of the heap again. His potato crop this season was immense. Two potatoes taken from the pile weigh one pound and three ounces and one pound and seven ounces. We trust our esteemed friend Davis, of the *Lodger* will copy this for the benefit of the many readers of that paper.

The Directors of the Poor held their monthly meeting at the almshouse Monday. The County Treasurer was present and paid orders amounting to \$3,910.68. Dr. Hiram Corson appeared before the Board and made a number of suggestions as to the sanitary regulations of the institution.

The Garwood Union Sunday School of Upper Providence township, will hold its annual celebration in the county grove on Saturday, September 2d. The Spring City Band will furnish music for the occasion. All sutlers will be taxed three dollars.

Great excitement is reported among the farmers in Berks county, owing to the rapid spread of a disease that is killing many cows. Over thirty have died in a few days on six different farms. A difference of opinion prevails as to the name of the disease. Some say it is rinderpest, and others pleuro-pneumonia.

A regular meeting of the Garfield Lyceum was held on Thursday evening last. Miss M. E. Bird, of Quakertown, a graduate of the Pennsylvania Female College, who is visiting schoolmates in this section, recited "Archie Dean." She is spoken of as thorough rhetorician. The Lyceum meeting was a pleasant one, and the programme as carried out was received with satisfaction. F. G. Hobson, Esq., read a letter written many years ago by Francis R. Shunk, then Governor of this State, in relation to the origin of the name Trappe.

A new store house is to be built at Yerkess Station soon. Jacob H. Landis, one of the most active business men of the place will furnish this latest improvement. The store is to be occupied by Abram Ashenfelter, when finished. Wm. Todd, of Norristown has contracted to do the mason work.

Mr. Frank A. Hartranft, a nephew of John D. Saylor, this place, a promising young man, of Philadelphia, was admitted to the bar of that city some time ago. He read law under Theo. McFadden, Esq. We wish Mr. Hartranft a successful and popular career in the practice of his profession.

The Evangelical Sunday School, this place, and the Limerick Sunday School celebrated in Custer's Grove on Saturday. The attendance was large and a day of pleasure was realized. The Eagleville Cornet Band furnished the music. This musical organization, although among the youngest, is one of the best in the county. The boys appear well and play well.

L. H. Ingram, one of the prominent public characters of Collegeville, in the capacity of shoemaker, barber and auctioneer, has shied up the first floor of the Band Hall for the barbering department, and moved his shoemaking business to the second floor. There was just enough love of the beautiful in Ingram to enable him to fit up the first floor in a neat and tasty manner.

If you eat green corn on the cob, holding the ear in your hand, and munching away, a contemporary thinks that the corn tastes much better, although your reputation for esthetic etiquette may suffer in the minds of the look-on. But the look-on can cast these delicate organs of vision in another direction.

The Freeland Sunday School had a pleasant time on the campus at Ursinus College, on Saturday. The attendance was good and the scenes and incidents of the day were of such a nature as to meet with the approval of the most esthetic individuals as well as of those not quite so esthetic, but who are just so. Oscar Wildish, St. Luke's Sunday School, this place, will hold their annual picnic at the same place, on next Saturday. A good time is expected.

Private families enjoy these days occasionally in strolling out a short distance with a luncheon and spending the oppressive hours under trees and beside still waters. These private gatherings are quite as productive of pleasure, and sometimes more so, than when a large company go. We advise our friends to try it some afternoon. The children will be pleased at any rate, and they are the ones most concerned.

Mrs. Henry Smith, living in Douglass township, Berks county, about one-fourth of a mile from the line of Pottsgrove township, Montgomery county, was seriously burned on Friday last. She was engaged in baking, when the lower extremity of her dress caught fire from the sparks dropping from the oven. In an instant she was enveloped in flames, and before they could be extinguished her body was terribly scorched and the hair burned from her head. Her injuries are not necessarily fatal.

The Royersford Bass Ball Club visited Collegeville on Thursday last, and bumped against a snag. The intention was to subject the Perkiomen boys to another defeat, and thus keep up the old song. But the Perkiomen boys were filled with energy and the determination to win. The batting was terrible, as the score 45 to 31 shows. Victory this time belonged to the Perkiomen nine, the 45 runs being chalked to their credit. Being beaten at the bat, the Royersforders, or a few of them at least, wanted to fight a battle on the knock down plan, but having good big mouths and giving them plenty of room a serious catastrophe was averted. The Perkiomen boys are happy—happy as boys can be.

Mr. Henry U. Brunner, who sailed from Norristown for Ireland on the 10th of June last, arrived home last week. Mr. Brunner's visit to Ireland was in the interest of the Burnside family, of this county, who claim relationship to the deceased millionaire—John Burnside—of New Orleans. Mr. Brunner has been employed for some time in working up the case, and it was deemed advisable to go to Ireland to obtain evidence to establish the claims of his clients. When interrogated on his return as to whether he had gained the desired information he said: "I have obtained some very important testimony, which is of inestimable value to my clients. For the present I can say nothing about it, but you can say I think I have established the fact that Judge Burnside, of this county, was a first cousin to the late Judge Burnside, of New Orleans."

Ten Thousand Dollars.

This is the price demanded by a young colored lady of this borough for her lacerated feelings, and wounded sensibilities, in not having been led to the altar within 28 days from the date of the promise. Her name is Ada C. Leonard, and her dilatory lover is Samuel D. Jones, also of African descent. Sam promised on the 1st of June to marry Ada, "within a reasonable time." Now this promise admits of many constructions, and gives a wide latitude. It may mean ten years or ten days, but in Miss Leonard's mind it meant 28 days, and so brought suit for breach of promise, laying the damages at the forementioned sum. It will be argued before a board of arbitrators to-morrow, consisting of H. A. Stevens, J. M. Hart and O. N. Urner, by George W. Rogers, for plaintiff, and I. P. Wanger, for defendant. *Register.*

Home Flashes and Stray Sparks From Abroad.

—Zip-Zip.

—Ezra Diemer left on Monday for another drove of Ohio cows.

—Horse chestnuts will be plenty this season. Man chestnuts too.

—The boys and girls are seeing open school house doors and windows, books and slates, in the distance.

—"Gib me one glass of beer." Now gib me a segar. "Now gib me another glass of beer." "I pays you some other time, I leaves my shange at home."—Tableau.

—Beef has fallen in the West, but our butchers or drovers don't appear to have noticed it yet.

—Forgetting old friends who have not prospered, is a very common trick of memory.

—Voters must be registered before the 15th of September.

—They are not picnics now. They call them forest parties. Forest parties are good.

—"I say, gib me one glass of beer"—test 77.

—Ex-county Treasurer Samuel F. Jarrett is seriously ill.

—People are beginning to prepare for fall and winter, by laying in their stock of coal. There is to be an advance in the price about the first of September.

—The negro's definition of bigotry is as good as that of Webster's Dictionary.—"A bigot," says he, "why he is a man that knows too much for one man and not enough for two."

—A Tennessee paper announces "subscribers sent to jail for the summer season can have their paper mailed regularly by notifying us of the change of address."

—"When the swallows homeward fly," the city cunts tips his hat, turns up his nose—and says good-bye.

—She was sighing, only gently sighing—not crying—when the front gate swung open and Alexis strode in. "I've been fondly waiting said she,"—"I too remarked he—for an opportunity." A young urchin down the street imagined there was an explosion of torpedoes. To be sure.

—"Oh de beer was bully and de cigars was fine—de shange was home; now I am home too, and so is de shange."

—There seems to be internal and everlasting dissatisfaction over in Phoenixville, among the men wot runs dat town.

—The wheat crops this year will reach 500,000,000 bushels.

—Simon Richard, of Mauch Chunk, wife, two sons and two daughters weigh in the aggregate 1,522 pounds.

—"If a 'call it whatever you choose' can get two glasses of beer and *ein segar* for nothing, what will a barrel of beer, a box of cigars, a chunk of limberger, and a dozen raw-hides cost?"

—"He did ha!" "Drive 18 miles in one hour and 30 minutes. Yes, and the thermometer ranging at 90 in the shade, and never sweat the horses. It's a fact."

—Blanchford has still on hand a few new and second-hand carriages for sale.

—Quite a number of city boarders are summering at Perkiomen Bridge Hotel. No better rural resort can be found in this section of Pennsylvania, and few better landlords than Mr. Gross.

—Mr. F. Morrison, of the Salem, N. J., *Sunbeam* office, was in town over Sunday, the guest of the editor of this paper.

—Don't forget the fact—Blanchford has a number of new and second-hand carriages for sale.

—Friend "Blarney" is driving the quill again.

—There is considerable difference between lawyers and doctors handling a case. The more lawyers there are in a case the longer the case will last, but the more doctors there are in a case the shorter work they make of it.

—The mechanical puddlers recently put into operation in the Phoenixville iron works are pronounced a complete success.

—Berks county school teachers complain of the low salaries allowed in some of the townships. They range from \$27 a month up to a fair sum.

—A call is being circulated among the pastors of the Lehigh Valley asking that a day be set apart for special prayers for railroad men of the valley.

The Royersford Bridge Company have elected the following officers to serve for the ensuing year—President J. S. Morey; Treasurer, S. B. Latshaw; Secretary, H. S. Hallman; Directors, Caser Francis, John Latshaw, Anthony V. Custer, Samuel H. Ego, H. S. Stove, Henry Bean.

The newest swindle upon our farmers is as follows: Sharper No. 1 goes to a farmer and makes him an offer for his farm at a high price, which is usually accepted, and \$50 or so deposited to bind the bargain. Then Mr. Sharper's friend comes along and offers \$1000 or more in advance of the first price. The farmer then goes to No. 1, and by paying a good round sum, say \$500, secures a release. The enterprising fellow who wanted the land so badly at the highest figure neglects to come around, and the farmer is about \$450 out, which of course, is divided by the sharps.

The county prison has now comparatively few inmates. It contains 24 convicts, two persons who are locked up for drunkenness, six committed for illegal car riding, and only six who are awaiting trial.

During the severe thunder storm that visited different sections of this county on Monday afternoon, last week, Lewis Dean, aged 19 years, son of Michael Dean, residing near Kulpville, was struck by lightning and instantly killed. He was driving the cows in from the field when the storm commenced, and was nearly home when felled by the fatal bolt. An examination showed no visible marks about his body, but his clothing was thoroughly saturated with a sulphurous smell.

On Friday last, No. 76 freight had a bad wreck at Royersford, causing the derailment of 25 cars, and completely blocking all the tracks, and detaining the passenger trains for some time. The cause was the jumping of an ore car from the track.

Ways of Politics Reviewed from Another Standpoint.

EDITOR INDEPENDENT:—In regard to the letter from "Balligomingo" which appeared in your paper last week, we have a word to say. The writer seems to have a peculiar antipathy against Mr. Weand, and takes up a lot of state rubbish. Not satisfied with this, he asks the Republican voters of the district to support "our townsman George Bullock."

It is unquestionably a fact that Mr. Bullock's Republicanism has always been a little shaky. Indeed, during the last Presidential campaign he was among the prominent Republicans (?) who supported Hancock. Under these circumstances it seems somewhat cheeky for "Balligomingo" to advise the Republicans, of the Seventh District, to discard Weand and vote for Bullock. It was a crime for Mr. Weand to prefer Boyer for the judgeship, yet Bullock can "top over" into the Democratic ranks at anytime with impunity. See the inconsistency? Funny isn't it!

Furthermore, our friend Bally, seems altogether ignorant of the fact that Mr. Joseph E. Thorpe, of Lower Merion, is the most formidable candidate for the Congressional nomination in the district. Perhaps, if he had known that that "Conshohocken proper" was long since conceded to Mr. Thorpe, and that "W. Conshohocken is not" for our townsman George Bullock, he would not have written so much nonsense and placed Mr. Bullock in such an embarrassing position. Mr. B. is not a candidate for the Congressional or any other nomination, notwithstanding Baligo's assertion to the contrary.

On the whole, and taking all things into consideration, we must concede that Thorpe is ahead in the race. He is a worker in the party, and his past record together with the excellent service which he has done for the Republican party in the county, will, we have no doubt, secure appreciation at Lansdale on the 28th of this month, and get him the nomination.

CONSHOHOCKEN.

Philadelphia Produce Market.

Flour.

Pennsylvania Extra Family.....5 25 @ 5 50

Western Extra.....4 75 @ 7 75

Flour.....3 80 @ 3 75

GRAIN.

Red Wheat.....1 10 @ 1 10

Oats.....83 @ 91

Corn.....65 @ 77

Rye.....72 @ 80

PROVISIONS.

Mess Pork.....22 50 @ 23 00

Dried Beef.....22 00 @ 23 00

Mess Beef.....22 00 @ 23 00

Ham.....23 00 @ 25 00

Bacon.....15 @ 16

Sides.....11 @ 12

Shoulders.....11 @ 11

Pickled Shoulders.....10 @ 11

Lard.....12 @ 13 1/4

SEEDS.

Flaxseed.....1 38 @ 1 30

Timothy.....2 75 @ 2 75

Clover.....7 1/4 @ 8

Philadelphia Hay Market.

PHILADELPHIA, August 16, 1882.

During the week ending the above date there were received at the Farmers' Hay and Straw Market 228 loads of hay and 42 of straw, which were sold at the following prices:—

Prime Timothy Hay per 100 pounds.....95 @ 15

Mixed.....85 @ 95

Straw per 100 pounds.....60 @ 70

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

Beef cattle were in good demand at an advance of 3700 head arrived and sold at different yards at 4 1/2 @ 8 1/2 per hundred, as to condition.

Sheep were firmly held and in demand. 12,000 head arrived and sold at the different yards at 3 1/2 @ 6 1/2 per hundred.

Hogs were in demand and firmly held. 3100 head arrived and sold at the different yards at 11 1/2 @ 12 1/2 per hundred, as to quality.

FOR SALE.

Express wagon in good running condition suitable to carry 800 pounds. German town carriage recently painted. Set of express harness, good. Set of carriage harness nearly new. Apply to F. W. WETHERILL & Co. Arcola Mills.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the Orphans' Court of Montgomery County. Estates of Henry Cresinger and Mary Cresinger late of Upper Providence township Montgomery County, deceased.

The undersigned Auditor appointed by said Court to make distribution of the balance remaining in the hands of Frank M. Holson Executor of said estates hereby gives notice that he will meet all parties interested, for the purpose of settling, at his Office, No. 315 Swede Street, Norristown, Pa., on Saturday the 16th of September 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where said parties are requested to attend. E. L. HALLMAN, Auditor.

Farming Implements.

Of the latest and most improved patterns, on hand and for sale by

GEO. YOST, Collegeville, Pa.

HENSCH'S CORN PLANTER, FERTILIZER and CULTIVATOR.

Harrows and Cultivators.

Ward Chilled Plow, Johnson's Mowing and Reaping Machine, single and double, Horse Rakes of different kinds. Hay forks and pulleys. All the different threshing machines that are sold in the county. Grain drills and all other implements used by farmers. Small margin in prices. Give us a call.

SOME OF THE NEWEST GAINS IN DRY GOODS

A large variety of lawns of the best American makes, which were 12 1/2 cents are now 10 cents, at Leopold's.

The old 12 1/2 cent quality of Victoria lawn is now 10 cents, at Leopold's.

An extra good quality of Victoria lawn at each of the following prices: 10, 12 1/2, 15, 16, 18, 20, 22, 25 and 30 cents at Leopold's.

India Linens and Persian Lawns are sheer and just the things to "do up" nicely, prices 20, 25, 30, 35, 37 1/2, 40, 45 and 50 cents in white, also some fine cream colored, at Leopold's.

Hundreds of yards of laces and swiss embroideries for white suits, at Leopold's. Swiss embroideries have grown very scarce in the market and yet the assortment here is very choice and varied.

Large assortment of figured swiss with embroideries to trim them, for ladies' cool white suits there is nothing prettier, at Leopold's.

Lace mitts in fine as well as cheap grades in blacks and colors, some of them very grate bargains, at Leopold's.

The new shades of pink and blue stockings in Misses and Ladies, all sizes, at Leopold's.

Leopold offers a fine line of imported stockings in handsome styles at 25 cents.

A very fine quality of men's half hose in new styles of imported goods, all sizes at 25 cents, at Leopold's.

Gauze shirts for children, men and women, in several quantities, at Leopold's.

New handsome styles in children's collars, that wear and wash well, at Leopold's.

If you want something for a good looking thin coat for girls or boys, go to Leopold's and they will suit you exactly.

There is still an elegant assortment of Lace handkerchiefs and Nans' veiling, at Leopold's. The prices are very low.

For a good Levantine Sun Umbrella go to Leopold's.

For a 50 cent corset that excels any you have ever seen, go to Leopold's.

The best satin black sash ribbon is \$1.00 at Leopold's. Any sold lower are not as good quality.

The latest styles of sash ribbons are watered. Leopold's have all the desired shades.

Leopold's stock of fash is very large.

If you want a nice bathing suit made in good style go to Leopold's.

If you want a first-class sewing machine, no matter what make, you can buy it, and receive with it a five year guarantee, at Leopold's at a reasonable price.

Hundreds of machines have been sold at \$50 which are no better than can be bought at Leopold's for \$30 to \$40.

FOR SALE.

Good Falling-Ton Carriage will be sold for \$30. Black Mare, will be sold cheap. Good, heavy, side-shelf Furniture Wagon, very suitable for the flour and feed business. A lot of heavy harness as good as new. Apply to

Furniture Dealer, Skippack, Mont. Co., Pa.

53D YEAR OF

WASHINGTON HALL

Collegiate Institute,

—WILL BEGIN—

September 4, 1882.

Students from this institution have entered nine different colleges, as high as junior half advanced.

A. RAMBO A. M., Ph. D., Trappe Pa.

EXCURSION

—TO—

Fairmount Park!!

Saturday August 26, 1882.

—BY—

Agustus Lutheran Church Sunday School.

TICKETS.—Round Trip—90 cts. Half

Tickets, 45 cts. Tickets and to be sold at 25th.

Trains leave Schwenksville 8:13 a. m., Collegeville, 8:23. Return, leave Broad Street 5:15.

The Best Remedy Out

HEADMAN'S

MAGNETIC LINIMENT!

A most reliable remedy for the speedy and certain cure of Rheumatism, Sprains, Bruises, Neuralgia, Headache, Toothache, Stiff Joints, Sore, Pain in the Side, Back or Limbs, Cuts, Burns or Scalds, Sore Throat, Frosted Feet, Soft Corns, Chapped Hands, Mumps, Quinsy, Bites or Stings of Insects, Poison from Plants, Cramps, Colic, Diarrhoea, and all cases where there is pain or distress.

Let The Magnetic Liniment will give Speedy Relief, if applied to the parts affected.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicines generally.

Price 25 Cents per Bottle.

Prepared and for sale by

P. M. HEADMAN, Pennsburg Pa.

Dealers will find it for sale also by SMITH, KLINE & Co., 309 and 311 North 3d street, Philadelphia.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of *Levati Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Montgomery County to me directed will be exposed to sale by Public vendue on WEDNESDAY AUGUST 23, 1882 at 2 o'clock P. M. in the Court Room at the Court House in the Borough of Norristown county aforesaid. The following described Real Estate. All that certain Messuage and two contiguous lots marked Nos. 104 and 105 on David Sowers plan of lots, situate in the village of Mount Clare, Upper Providence township said county. Beginning at a corner of the Public School House lot, having a front on Anna's Street of eighty feet, and extending in depth, of that width between said School House lot and lot No. 106 in

ENTERPRISE MARBLE WORKS!

Royersford, Montgomery Co. Pa.

I would announce to my friends and the public, that I am now prepared to furnish all kinds of Marble Work, at reasonable prices.

MONUMENTS and TOMBSTONES,
Of Italian or American Marble or Granite, in the finest and latest designs.

GALVANIZED RAILINGS,
For Enclosing Burial Lots, of different descriptions. Particular attention paid to Marble Work, for the bases of

BUILDINGS, STEPS, SILLS, ETC., ETC.

All work Guaranteed to give Satisfaction, and put up in a workmanlike manner. Any design furnished desired on Monuments or Tombstones. Work can be seen at the yard, or the different Cemeteries in the neighborhood, that has been turned out at the Enterprise Works. Call and see me, and get prices. My expenses are low, therefore I can sell accordingly. My motto: "Low prices and fair dealings."

Respectfully,
D. Theo. Buckwalter.
June 8-ly.

Special Inducements
At Worrall's Mill,
Collegeville, Pa.

Choice Wheat Flour,
Manufactured and for sale at Lowest Market Prices. Our flour gives general satisfaction and we invite a trial of the same.

CHOPPING
done at short notice in a satisfactory manner. Full supply of all kinds of Feed always on hand. We cordially invite patronage and will do our best to give satisfaction to all.

S. T. S. WAGNER.

THE HARTFORD



SEWING MACHINE

Just Perfected.
The largest under arm,
The lightest and quietest,
The most lavishly decorated,
The least vibration of any,
A galaxy of new patents,
Simply simplified,
Durability determined,
Reliability reasserted.

Ball-bearing balance wheel; Newest and most elegant design in stand and wood work. Positive take-up, perfect stitch. This machine is wanted by everybody.

MILTON B. HARLEY, Agent.
Royersford Pa.

ALSO the Domestic and other different makes of machines sold. Oils, needles, and attachments.

Buy The Best!!
Tip-Top XXX
FAMILY
AND NEW PROCESS
FANCY FLOUR.

Also a variety of feed always on hand and for sale at bottom prices.

F. W. Wetherill & Co.,
ARCOLA MILLS, Collegeville P. O.
N. B. GRIST WORK SOLICITED.

J. M. Albertson & Sons,
Owners and Proprietors of the
Star Glass Works
NORRISTOWN, PA.

Manufacture a superior quality of
WIND-UP GLASS AND SHADES,
Warranted not to stain.

SWITCHES both good and cheap at
E. M. AUGER'S
16 East Main Street,
Norristown, Pa.

COMBING made up and a large stock of
of switches, COMBS, frizzes, pins and nets
always on hand.

If you want a Good Carriage
FOR LITTLE MONEY
go to
W. H. Blanchford,
PROPRIETOR OF THE
Collegeville Carriage Works.

You will be sure of being suited, as I have
Jenny Seaf carriages, three or four kinds of Piano
Box carriages, also the Brewster, Dexter and
Elephant carriages. Come and examine my work
and learn prices.

W. H. BLANCHFORD,
Collegeville, Pa.

J. M. Albertson & Sons,
BANKERS
NORRISTOWN, PA.

Interest Paid on Deposits as per agreement. Ne-
gotiable paper purchased. Money loaned on
bonds, Mortgages, Stocks. Drafts for Sale on
England, Ireland, Germany and other places.
Passage tickets by the American line of ocean
steamers. Railroad and other Stocks bought and
sold on commission. Gold, Silver and other
valuable Government Bonds bought and sold.
Safe deposit boxes in burglar-proof vault to rent.

SOLDIERS
Now suffering from wounds or disease of any
kind caused by military service are entitled to
PENSION. Widows, minor children, dependent
mothers or fathers of soldiers who died from
effects of their service are also entitled. Many
invalid pensioners are entitled to an Increase.
Careful assistance given in Delayed or Rejected
Claims, as many can be allowed with but little
more evidence. Complete instructions with re-
ferences sent on application. CHAS. & GEO. A.
KING, Attorneys-at-law, 916 E. St., Washington,
D. C.

THOSE BEEF, VEAL, MUTTON

Wishing to Purchase Fresh

Should remember that the undersigned passes through this section every

Wednesday and Saturday,
With a full supply of Fresh Meats, and will take pleasure in waiting upon those who may favor him with their custom.

B. F. ISETT.
J. H. KRAUT,
--Cigar Manufacturer--

TRAPPE, PA. The different grades of cigars manufactured. Good tobacco in the hands of a good workman will make capital cigars. This is putting the whole business in a nutshell. Special brands made to order. Give Kraut's cigars a trial, and be happy.

BLACKSMITHING

The undersigned having located at Keeler's Smith Shop, a short distance west of Trappe, will take pleasure in executing all kinds of Blacksmithing work at short notice. Horse shoeing, bolting, etc. Special attention given to Carriage and wagon ironing. Having had an experience of over 20 years at the business we feel confident of giving satisfaction to customers. Patronage solicited.

F. S. FREDERICKS.
ATTENTION HORSEMEN!

MAMBRINO HASSON

The Thoroughbred Trotting Stallion, will make the Season commencing MAY 1st, 1882, at the stable of the owner.

Washington Square Hotel,
Montgomery County, Pennsylvania. And after that will stand at West Chester week about, at \$50 A WEEK. Mares not proving in foal can be returned next season free of charge.

PEDIGREE: MAMBRINO HASSON was foaled October 10th, 1873, sired by the great sire Rel's Mambrino Pilot, who is the sire of Hannis, record of 2:16 3/4; Mambrino Girl, record of 2:30; Mambrino Girl, Emmulus, record of 2:25; Bell Ringer, Morning 2:30; Dave Wallace, 2:28; Mambrino Hasson, 2:34 1/2 and other noted trotters. In 1879, September 23, at Ambler Park, he made a record of 2:38, in a field of six horses, trotting six heats, the last three which he won; also on the following day won the 2:30 purse in three straight heats. He started September 8, 1880, after making a season of 39 mares to Avon Park, Pa., and won the 2:38 purse in 2:37 1/2, 2:37 1/2 and 2:37 1/2. At Ambler Park, Sept. 21, in a field of 9 horses, Hasson won in 2:34 1/2, 2:34 1/2 and 2:37. MAMBRINO HASSON is 16 hands 2 inches high, of a beautiful mahogany bay, all black points, strongly built, shrewd, and has all the characteristics of the thoroughbred horse. Lovers of good stock will do well to examine this horse before putting their mares elsewhere. An examination is invited. Good box stalls and boarding can be had for mares from a distance at reasonable rates, but accidents at the owner's risk.

Joseph C. Beyer,
Washington Square, 1 mile from Rel's stock farm, Norristown P. O., Montg. Co., Pa.

FOR A PERFECT TIME-PIECE GO TO



KLINE & SON,
Royersford Pa.

DEALERS IN
Rockford, Elgin, Waltham,

And all American, and Foreign Watches,
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,
Spectacles, Silverware, &c., &c.

EXCELSIOR
Ice Cream & Confectionery Rooms

—OF OF OF—
A. C. FREED,
Royersford Pa.

I would announce to the public that I have remodelled my place of business, and at considerable expense fitted up two rooms in first-class style for the accommodation of my patrons, and can now say I have the most complete establishment of the kind in either Royersford or Spring City. Young folks will find this a pleasant place to come and enjoy a plate of

FREED'S Celebrated Ice Cream.
FRUITS AND FANCY CAKES,

In abundance. Particular attention paid to the furnishing of Ice Cream and Confectionery to Churches, Sunday Schools, Picnics and Private Parties at lowest rates. I have the control of a large Dairy, and all the latest improved machinery in the manufacture of Ice Cream; therefore my prices are very low. Will pay fair rent to Sunday Schools for exclusive right of woods on day of celebration.

Oysters & Clams, in Season.
Respectfully Yours,

A. C. FREED,
Jy8-am. Royersford Montgomery County, Pa.

BE NOT DECEIVED
By Plasters claiming to be an improvement on ALLCOCK'S PEROUS PLASTERS.

ALLCOCK'S is the original and only genuine Porous plaster. All other so called Porous Plasters are imitations. Beware Of them See that you get an

ALLCOCK'S PLASTER
which we guarantee has effected more and quicker cures than any other external Remedy.

Sold by All Druggists.

Agriculture and Science.

Edited by J. K. HARLEY.

AMERICAN HOMES.

It is stated as a fact that the homes of America are the most comfortable and comforting on earth; nor is it a mere accident that such be the case. The comfort of these homes is not due any more to the mechanical skill or economic judgment than to the aesthetic power which they exhibit. A country which has its governmental powers limited, stimulates and encourages society, and highly moral and religious society produces the most perfect homes which human eyes or poetic visions can behold. No one knows the American system well who does not know the American home. Our political system is publicity itself; and American society has never yet been fully characterized; while the best results of both, a perfect home, has been described in general terms, but not described and explained in its true fullness. The novel writers from whom such description might be expected, have failed ignominiously in their attempts, however glowingly pictured, at showing the purest results of our social system. Yet this system is simple and unique and is a marked advance upon all European models. To be convinced, one need but to investigate. The English home approaches the American home, while the German home approaches the English; but the ideal American home, not only realizes the comforts and advantages of both, but has comforts, character, and dignity all its own. It may seem to be wanting in the graces, traditions and peculiarities of the best European homes, but surpasses them in moral dignity. It differs from all others in being the product of a highly refined civilization. It is the best and purest outcome of our ethical and aesthetic systems.

FACTS FOR THE HOUSEHOLD.—Mutton suit used in starch is said to be better than wax, making the starch firmer and giving to the clothes a more glossy and better appearance.

Red ants may be banished from a pantry or store-room by strewing the shelves with a small quantity of cloves either whole or ground. We use the former, as being not so likely to get into the food placed upon the shelves. The cloves should be renewed occasionally, as after a time they lose their strength and efficacy.

In icing cakes, dip the knife frequently into cold water.

In roasting meats do not salt before putting into the oven, as salt extracts the juice.

Lemons may be kept fresh a long time in a jar of water, changing the water every morning.

ORCHARD NOTES.—It is commonly the case that the orchard is cropped year after year until the diminished yield shows that something must be done. The proper way is to give a moderate manuring annually; stable manure put on in the fall and ploughed in, or in small orchards forked in, may be alternated with ashes or lime on other years. Clover to be pastured by hogs, and afterwards ploughed under, is one of the best fertilizers.

Trees of forced growth are more tender than others and so suffer more from sudden changes of climate. For this reason too high cultivation is as bad as not enough. Heading back and root pruning are the best methods of restoring barren trees. Wood ashes is the best fertilizer for trees, vines and bushes. Prune apple trees so as to give them a low, well balanced top. One such tree is worth several tall, irregular trees. Peach orchards should have a dry, fertile soil on a northern or western slope.

CLEANING ISINGLASS.—Every woman who has been obliged to spend half a day several times during the winter with isinglass in her coal stove, usually by taken them out and washing in soap-suds, will rejoice to know that there is a much easier way to clean them, and that there is no need to take them out or let the fire burn very low in order to do it successfully. Take a little vinegar and water and wash the isinglass carefully with a soft cloth; the acid removes all stains, and if a little pains is taken to thoroughly clean the corners, and to wipe them dry, the isinglass will look as good as new. If the stove is very hot, tie the cloth to a stick, and so escape the danger of burning your hand.

HOW TO TELL HEALTHY FOWLS.—Healthy, vigorous fowls may almost always be detected by the rich color of the comb, which is a sure indication of health. The comb of a diseased fowl always loses color in proportion as the disease approaches its worst stages, in some instances turning black. We would advise those who suspect disease among their fowls to give the matter of the color of the comb a close study. As an index, it is to the fowl keeper what the pulse of the human system is to the physician.

FEEDING LARGE OR SMALL ANIMALS.—Abundant experience, if such proof were necessary, shows that there is more profit in feeding the larger breeds, than there is with the smaller breeds of animals, whether for meat or milk. Of course, there are exceptions in this, as in all general rules; the small Jersey cow, for example, which is expected to produce an exceptional product of highly colored and finely flavored butter; but this does not affect the rule above stated. It is only necessary to consider that, when we feed two ani-

mals of 900 lbs. each, we have to supply the demands of two sets of breathing, circulating and muscular apparatus, which are considerably more extensive and expensive than those of one animal of 1,400 lbs. This is true of every animal that we feed, from the fowl and pig, up to the cow and fatted steer. Ten small Merino sheep, weighing 80 pounds each, will cost much more to feed than four Cotswolds of 200 lbs. each, or five of 160 lbs. each. Besides the gain in feed, we have also a large advantage in the less proportionate amount of offal in the fewer large animals than in the larger number of small ones. Where flesh and milk are the objects in view, this consideration ought to have great weight in the selection of stock to be kept. The choice, of course, will be restricted by the opportunities, for keeping the stock, for it will not pay to keep Short-horn cows upon a pasture where only small active cattle can pick up a living; but, where other things are equal, this consideration should be well weighed. Just now, there is opening up a large opportunity for feeding stock for beef, which many farmers will very soon find a desirable one to size upon. In choosing animals for feeding, then, they will find it to their profit to select such breeds as the Shorthorn, or Hereford, where their locality admits of it; and where it does not, they will certainly labor under the disadvantage of preparing for market an article which can neither sell for the highest price, nor can be produced at the lowest cost. Further, there is another advantage in marketing the largest amount of product in one package, so to speak, for animals of 1,500 to 1,200 lbs. can be sent to market at less proportional cost than the same weight in the form of animals that are one-half or one-third smaller.

MANNERS AT TABLE.—As do the old, so will the young do. If, when a child asks for a biscuit, it is picked up by the parent and handed around one at a time, or thrown to the child, there is no chance to reprove the child when it does the same to the parent. When a parent eats with a knife, and forgets to use a fork, the child is warranted in doing the same. A chatty, cheerful is always to be desired, free from formal stiffness; but freedom is not rudeness, ease is not boorishness: good breeding will show its presence quicker at table than in the parlor or saloon. Let parents be careful to set the correct example, and the children will not be slow to do otherwise.

Remove ink stains from carpets with milk, and afterwards wash with fine soap, a clean brush and warm water. For grease spots use powdered magnesia, fuller's earth or buckwheat. Sprinkle on the spot and let lie until the grease is absorbed; renew the earth magnesia or buckwheat until all the grease is removed. Time and patience will in this way remove the worst of spots.

F. G. KRAFT,
—DEALER IN—

DRY GOODS,

groceries,

Notions, &c., &c.
EVANSBURG,

Large and varied Stock of all kinds of Goods, usually kept in a Country Store. Good Quality and at Philadelphia prices.

Farming Implements,
Of the latest and most improved patterns, on hand and for sale by

GEO. YOST, Collegeville, Pa.,
HENSCH'S CORN PLANTER, FERTILIZER
and CULTIVATOR.

Harrows and Cultivators.
Ward Chilled Plow, Johnson's Mowing and Reaping Machine, single and double, Horse Rakes of different kinds. Hay forks and pulleys. All the different threshing machines that are sold in the country. Grain drills and all other implements used by farmers. Small margin in prices. Give us a call.

CUT THIS OUT!
MAKE \$15 TO \$40 PER WEEK.
We have stores in 15 leading Cities, from which our agents obtain the goods quickly. Our Factories, and Principal Offices are at Erie, Pa. Send for our New Catalogue and terms to agents.
Address: **M. N. LOVELL**, 913 Spring Garden St. PHILADELPHIA, PA.

JOB PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
EXECUTED
—IN THE—
BEST MANNER
—AT THIS OFFICE—
SUBSCRIBE FOR THE

"PROVIDENCE
INDEPENDENT"
One of the best Local, Family and General newspapers published. Now is the time to subscribe.

CASWELL & MOORE.

STOVES, TINWARE, LAMPS, CLOTHES WRINGERS, TERRA COTTA PIPE, CHIMNEY TOPS, DAIRY FIXTURES, PAINTS & OILS, OIL CLOTH.

Tin Roofing & Spouting of Best Quality and Workmanship.
—PRICES LOW—

FINE CUTLERY, ICE CREAM FREEZERS, BIRD CAGES, PLATED WARE, WATER COOLERS, BRUSHES, &c.

PLUMBING & GAS FITTING, LEAD PIPES, &c.
CASWELL & MOORE, 243 Bridge Street, Phoenixville, Pa.

WORTH WHILE READING!

\$2.50—Will Buy a nice little Boy's Suit, age from 4 to 10.
\$4.00—Will buy a good suit for a boy aged from 5 to 12.
\$5.00—Will buy a suit for a boy in years from 7 to 15.
\$5.00—Will buy a first class business suit.
\$6.50—For this sum you can purchase a better suit.
\$7.00—With this sum you can buy something still better.

Ten Dollars Will buy a first class business suit. **Eleven Dollars** Will buy a very fine suit. **Fifteen Dollars**—Extra fine Dress Suit.

We Have the Largest Stock; The Lowest Prices.
ALSO, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

HERMAN WETZEL,
66 & 68 Main Street [Opposite Music Hall] NORRISTOWN, PA.

WE ARE NOW SELLING AT THE
KEYSTONE DRY GOODS STORE!

All Summer Dress Goods, LAWNS, CHINTZES, GINGHAMS, &c., at prices so low that we must close all out in a very short time. As special Bargains we are selling all our best

DRESS GINGHAMS AT 10 CENTS
Per yard, former prices 15 & 15 1/2 cents, also a line of Good Style Calicoes in the best goods at 5 cents per yard. We have about

700 YARDS,
And at the low price are the greatest bargains we have ever offered in Calicoes. Call and examine them.

MORGAN WRIGHT, **Keystone Dry Goods Store,**
MAIN STREET, Opposite Public Square, NORRISTOWN, PA.

IF YOU BUY YOUR SPICES,
Cream Tarter, **Baking Soda,**
Washing Soda, **Black and Red Pepper,**

AT BUCKWALTER'S
POPULAR DRUG STORE,
Corner of Bridge and Main Streets,

PHENIXVILLE PENN'A.,
—YOU WILL GET—

Pure Goods, Save Money, and always have Competent
And Reliable Persons to Attend to your Wants.

I also sell Leads and Oils Cheaper than ever.

A GREAT CLEARING OUT
SALE
FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS,
OF FIRST-CLASS CLOTHING.

FOR MEN, BOYS AND CHILDREN,
—AT—
MITCHELL & BRO.,
No. 18 East Main Street, Norristown, Penn'a.

In order to close out the balance of our Summer Stock, we have concluded to make a SPECIAL SALE of the same, and will therefore commence from this day and continue for the next 30 days to sell goods regardless of cost. Among the balance of our Summer stock we find

67 Men's suits which we will sell at \$4.87
146 Men's blue flannel suits which will go at \$4.50, 6.00, 8.00 and 10.00
37 Men's all wool Cheviot suits, which we will sell at 7.00
45 Men's Harrison cassimere suits, dark and light colors, 8.37
32 Men's Milton cassimere suits, handsome patterns, 8.15
115 Men's tip-top business suits, 20 different styles, \$5, 6.15, 7.35, 8.50 and 9.50
24 Men's English tweed suits, elegant styles, 10.00
85 Men's Nobby dress suits, or dark coat, west and light pants, 9.85

And many others to numerous to mention.

For Boys we have only 176 Suits left, which will be closed out at cost; the prices range from

\$2.90, 3.00, 3.15, 3.65, 4.37, 4.75, 5.15, 6.00.
For Children we have a balance of 73 suits left, which we will sell at \$1.25, 1.75, 2.15, 2.35, 2.75, 3.10, 3.60, 4.15 and 4.50.

Remember this great clearing out sale will only continue for the next 30 days,
—AT—
MITCHELL & BRO.,
THE WELL-KNOWN CLOTHIERS AND MERCHANT TAILORS, 18 E. MAIN ST., NORRISTOWN.

BEEF,
VEAL,
MUTTON.

I am still at the business. I thank the public for patronage bestowed, and hope to merit a continuance of the same. Will visit Collegeville, Trappe, and vicinity; as heretofore, on

TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY
Morning of each week, with the best Beef, Veal, and Mutton. Highest cash prices paid for Calves.

WM. J. THOMPSON,
ETANSBURG, LOWER PROVIDENCE, P. O.

IF YOU WANT THE BEST AND CHEAPEST MACHINES GO TO

HEEBNER & SONS,

LANSDALE, Montg. Co., Penna.
The Oldest Agricultural Works in Penna.

Heebner's Patent Level Tread Horse Powers!
Are much the easiest for the horses, and have the only safe and reliable Speed Regulator ever applied to horse powers.

HEEBNER'S LITTLE GIANT THRESHING AND CLEANING MACHINE, AND THRESHERS AND SHAKERS.

Also all the best Mowers, Reapers, Hay Rakes, &c.
All kinds of Iron and Brass Castings made to order.

Repairing done by competent workmen and at lowest prices.
Steam Engines, Boilers, and outfits for Mills, Factories, Creameries, &c. Send for Circulars.

HEEBNER & SONS,
LANSDALE, PA.

Special Inducements



ARE OFFERED AT THE
Harness Manufactory,
COLLEGEVILLE, PA.

To Customers. The best leather in the market used in making up new Sets and repairing. We mean to give satisfaction to all who favor us with their patronage. All kinds of REPAIRING done to order at short notice. A full stock of

HORSE GOODS,
always on hand. Collars, whips, blind and headhalters, &c. &c. Low prices, good workmanship and good material.

T. J. STYER.

ALEX SASSAMAN,
Merchant Tailor,
Collegeville, Montg. Co. Pa., next door to Post Office.

Suits cut and made to order in latest Styles. An assortment of the latest and best patterns. Fits guaranteed. By attention to business and just treatment to all, we hope to merit patronage.

COLLEGEVILLE
BAKERY!
J. H. RICHARD, Prop'r.
Fresh Bread, Rolls &c.,
EVERY MORNING.

ICE CREAM!
Different flavors, during the Season now opened. Parties, Pic-Nics and weddings supplied at short notice, on reasonable terms.

LEATHER!
The subscriber has a large lot of

HARNESS LEATHER,
On hand which will be sold low, for cash, or made room for fresh stock, still coming out at the Evansburg Tannery.

D. M. CASSELLBERRY.

CALL AT THE
YERKES STATION MILLS
—OF OF OF—
GRAIN, FLOUR & FEED DEPOT,
Where you will find in Store a large supply of choice Patent Process, Straight, and

Fancy Family Flour,
CORN, OATS, BRAN, MIDDINGS,
RYE BRAN, LINSEED MEAL, &c., &c.

Lehigh & Schuylkill
COAL.

Having the best and most improved facilities the undersigned does endeavor to sell to any and all parties, who seek the cash worth of their money, at the very lowest prices.

J. H. LANDES.

YOUNG AND OLD
HOUSEKEEPERS!!

Look to your interest. If you want to save money visit my

Furniture Ware-Rooms,
On Road leading from Skippackville to Collegeville, 1 1/2 miles from the former place, and be convinced that you can save money. I sell

All Kinds of New and Second-Hand Furniture
AT THE
Very Lowest Figures,
And also take old hard-wood furniture, and old clocks in exchange for new. I manufacture all kinds of Furniture on short notice, and repairing of all kinds will be neatly done. Come and see my

BED-ROOM SETS, 6 PIECES,
As Low as \$20.

Tennessee marble-top stands—\$7 up, high back Lounges \$50.00. All kinds of marble-top Furniture sold very low. You are welcome to come and examine my goods, whether you purchase or not.

Geo. D. Detwiler.